# Alouette.

An early maincrop, versatile, red skin ware variety, resilient to late blight in foliage and tuber, and suitable for conventional and organic production.

- Uniform tuber shape and size
- Suitable for cooking and home baked products
- Good drought tolerance









Organic Process

Processing R
Convenience F

**Retail T** Fresh





## characteristics

#### **General characteristics**

Breeder: Agrico Research B.V. Crossing: AR 02-139-1 x LAURA Breedersright: 31-12-2044 Seedling: AR 04-3153

#### Plant and tuber characteristics

Maturity: early maincrop / 6
Light sprout colour: red violet / RV
Flower colour: light purple / LP
Number of berries: very high / 4
Foliage - initial development: fast / 8
Foliage - final development: good / 8
Foliage - firmness: quite firm / 7,5

Skin colour: red / R
Flesh colour: yellow / 7,5
Skin finish: good / 7

Tuber shape: oval long / OL

Regularity of tuber shape: regular / 7

**Tuberisation:** average / 6 **Tuber size:** quite large / 7

Regularity of size: quite regular / 6,5

Dormancy: average / 6

### Sensitivity and quality

Secondary growth: quite sensitive / 6,5

Black spot (internal bruising): slightly to not sensitive

/ 8

**Growth cracks:** quite sensitive / 6,5 **Harvest damage:** quite sensitive / 6

Metribuzin - pre-emergence: slightly sensitive / 7,5 Metribuzin - post-emergence: slightly sensitive / 7

**Bentazon:** slightly sensitive / 7 **Ethylene:** 5% fewer tubers / 4

Underwater weight: 389
Dry matter content: 21,1%
Cooking type: rather firm / AB

Discolouration (after cooking): slightly sensitive / 7

Raw discolouration: slightly sensitive / 7
Fries quality: above average / 6,5

Dry matter distribution: - / -

Crisping quality: - / -

TGA-level: 3,6



## How to grow

#### Fertilization <sup>1</sup>

Nitrogen: standard advice + 10%. Phosphate: standard advice. Potassium: standard advice + 20%.

#### Seed treatment

Preferably plant the tubers into warm soil, as the initial development of this variety is slow.Proper pre-sprouting after taking off the top sprout can give a positive result on the tuber set.Desprouting more than once can have a negative impact on yield and size regularity.

#### Planting distance

28/35 mm: 20 cm (67.000 plants/ha) 35/55 mm: 25 cm (54.000 plants/ha)

#### Weeds

A standard use of metribuzin (Sencor), before or after emerge, doesn't give foliage reaction or yield reduction.

#### **Fungicides**

Despite the late blight resistance, remain alert for infections.

#### **Harvest**

Due to its sensitivity scores for black spot and/or harvest damage, wait at least three weeks after haulm killing before harvest.

#### Storage - .

Preferred storage temperature is 5 °C. For processing purposes, do not store below 7 °C. Suitable for medium term storage.



#### Resistances

Virus - Leaf roll: - / -

Virus - Yn: slightly to not susceptible / 8 Virus - Yntn (tuber): slightly susceptible / 7

**Spraing:** susceptible / 5,5

Late blight - foliage: slightly to not susceptible / 9 Late blight - tuber: slightly to not susceptible / 9

Fusarium: slightly susceptible / 7,5 Common scab: slightly susceptible / 6



Powdery scab: slightly susceptible / 6,5

Black dot: - / -

Wart disease F1: resistant / 10

Wart disease F6: - / -Wart disease F18: - / -

Golden nematode Ro 1/4: resistant / 9 Golden nematode Ro 2/3: field resistant / 8

White nematode Pa 2: - / -White nematode Pa 3: - / -



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Level of fertilization is based on soil analysis.